<u>Instruction Set</u> > <u>Motion Configuration Instructions</u> > Motion Run Axis Tuning (MRAT)

Motion Run Axis Tuning (MRAT)

This information applies to the CompactLogix 5370, ControlLogix 5570, Compact GuardLogix 5370, GuardLogix 5570, Compact GuardLogix 5380, CompactLogix 5480, ControlLogix 5580, and GuardLogix 5580 controllers. Controller differences are noted where applicable.

Use the Motion Run Axis Tuning (MRAT) to command the motion module to run a tuning motion profile for the specified axis. The tuning motion profile consists of one or more acceleration and deceleration ramps induced by applying fixed voltages to the servo's drive output. Note that this instruction does not at any time close the servo loop. While this instruction takes no explicit input parameters, it does derive input from the Axis Tuning Configuration parameters. The result of executing the MRAT instruction is a set of measurement data that is stored in the Axis Object for subsequent use with the Motion Apply Axis Tuning (MAAT) instruction.

Available Languages Ladder Diagram



Function Block

This instruction is not available in function block.

Structured Text

MRAT(Axis, MotionControl);

Operands

Ladder Diagram and Structured Text

Operand	Type CompactLogix 5370, Compact GuardLogix 5370, Compact GuardLogix 5380, CompactLogix 5380, CompactLogix 5480	Type ControlLogix 5570, GuardLogix 5570, ControlLogix 5580, and GuardLogix 5580 controllers	Format	Description
Axis	AXIS_CIP_DRIVE	AXIS_CIP_DRIVE AXIS_SERVO AXIS_SERVO_DRIVE	Tag	Name of the axis to perform operation on
Motion Control	MOTION_INSTRUCTION		Tag	Structure used to access instruction status parameters.

See Structured Text Syntax for more information on the syntax of expressions within structured text.

Mnemonic Description

Search



- Duick Start Steps
- ▶ <u>Logix Designer</u>
- ▶ Module Information
- ▲ Instruction Set

Logix 5000 Controllers
Instruction and Application
Considerations

<u>Logix Designer Application</u> <u>Instruction Set</u>

<u>Interpret the Attribute Tables</u>

Array Concepts

- ▶ Module Configuration Attributes

Bit Addressing

Common Attributes

Data Conversions

Elementary data types

LINT data types

Floating Point Values

<u>Immediate values</u>

Index Through Arrays

Math Status Flags

Motion Error Codes (.ERR)

Structures

- Equipment Sequence instructions
- DEQUIPMENT Phase Instructions
- Alarm Instructions
- Advanced Math Instructions
- ▶ Array (File)/Misc Instructions
- Array (File)/Shift Instructions
- ▶ ASCII Conversion Instructions▶ ASCII Serial Port Instructions
- .
- ▶ ASCII String Instructions▶ Bit Instructions
- Debug Instructions
- Drives Instructions
- Drive Safety Instructions
- ▶ For/Break Instructions
- ▶ Filter Instructions
- Function Block Attributes

- Move/Logical Instructions
- ▶ <u>Input/Output Instructions</u>
- License Instructions
- Math Conversion Instructions
- Metal Form Instructions
- Motion Configuration

.DN (Done) Bit 29	It is set after the tuning process has been successfully completed.
.ER (Error) Bit 28	It is set to indicate that the instruction detected an error, such as if you specified an unconfigured axis.
.IP (In Process) Bit 26	It is set on positive rung transition and cleared after the tuning process is complete, or terminated by a stop command, shutdown, or a servo fault
.PC (Process Complete) Bit 27	It is set after the tuning process has been successfully completed

Description - AXIS_SERVO, AXIS_SERVO_DRIVE

The MRAT instruction is used to execute a tuning motion profile on the specified axis. During this brief tuning motion profile, the motion module makes timing and velocity measurements that serve as input data for a subsequent Motion Apply Axis Tuning (MAAT) instruction. MRAT requires no explicit input parameters; simply enter or slect the desired physical axis.

If the targeted axis does not appear in the list of available axes, the axis has not been configured for operation. Use the Tag Editor to create and configure a new axis.

The MRAT instruction uses axis configuration parameters as input and output. The input configuration parameters that MRAT uses are shown in the table below.

Axis Parameter	Data Type	Units	Meaning
Tuning Direction	Boolean	-	Direction of Tuning Motion (0-Fwd, 1-Rev).
Tuning Travel Limit	Real	pos units	Maximum allowed excursion of Axis.
Tuning Velocity	Real	pos units/sec	Top Speed of Tuning Profile.
Dumping Factor	Real	-	Damping Factor used to calculate the maximum Position Servo Bandwidth.

Based on the above configuration parameters, MRAT execution generates a motion event on the specified axis that consists of a single triangular velocity profile or a series of three such profiles. Tune Velocity must be within the maximum speed capability of the drive and motor. The configured value for Tune Velocity should be set to the desired maximum operating speed of the axis so that the resulting tuning parameters are based on the dynamics of the system at that speed.

If the External Vel Servo Drive configuration bit parameter is TRUE, indicating interface to an external velocity servo drive, three pulses are applied to the axis. The tuning velocity profile for this case is shown in the diagram below.

Tuning Velocity Profile when True

Instructions

Motion Apply Axis Tuning (MAAT)

MAAT Flow Chart (True)

Motion Apply Hookup Diagnostics (MAHD)

MAHD Flow Chart (True)

Motion Run Axis Tuning (MRAT)

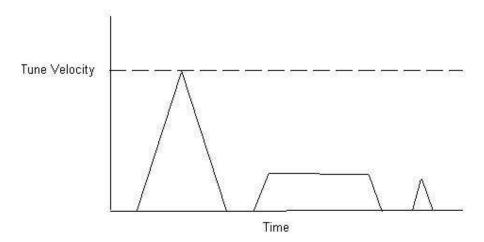
MRAT Flow Chart (True)

Motion Run Hookup

<u>Diagnostics (MRHD)</u>

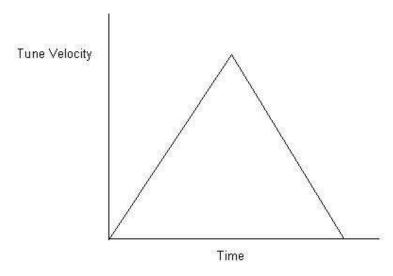
MRHD Flow Chart (True)

- Motion Event Instructions
- Motion Group Instructions
- Motion Move Instructions
- Motion State Instructions
- ▶ Multi-Axis Coordinated Motion Instructions
- ▶ Logical and Move Instructions
- Program Control Instructions
- ▶ Special Instructions
- Timer and Counter
 Instructions
- Trigonometric Instructions
- Process Control Instructions
- Sequential Function Chart
 (SFC) Instructions
- Statistical Instructions
- Safety Instructions
- Studio 5000 Logix Designer
 Glossary



If the External Vel Servo Drive configuration bit parameter is FALSE, indicating interface to an external torque servo drive, only one pulse is applied to the axis. The tuning velocity profile is shown below.

Tuning Velocity Profile when False



The axis configuration parameters that MRAT generates as output depend on the External Drive configuration. If the External Vel Servo Drive configuration bit parameter is TRUE, indicating interface to an external velocity servo drive, the following output parameters are generated.

Axis Parameter	Data Type	Units	Meaning
Tune Status	Real	-	Status Report of the Tuning Process.
Tune Accel Time	Real	seconds	Measured Acceleration Time of Tuning Profile.
Tune Decel Time	Real	seconds	Measured Deceleration Time of Tuning Profile.
Tune Accel	Real	pos units/sec2	Calculated Acceleration Time of Tuning Profile.
Tune Decel	Real	pos units/sec2	Calculated Deceleration Time of Tuning Profile.
Tune Velocity Scaling	Real	mV/KCPS	Measured Velocity Scaling factor of axis Drive/Motor/Encoder system.
Tune Rise Time	Real	mV/KCPS	Measured Rise Time of Tuning Step Response Profile.
Tune Velocity Bandwidth	Real	Hertz	Computed Bandwidth of External Velocity Servo Drive

If the External Vel Servo Drive configuration hit narameter is FALSE indicating interface to

an external torque servo drive, the following output parameters are generated.

Axis Parameter	Data Type	Units	Meaning
Tune Status	Real	-	Status Report of the Tuning Process.
Tune Accel Time	Real	seconds	Measured Acceleration Time of Tuning Profile.
Tune Decel Time	Real	seconds	Measured Deceleration Time of Tuning Profile.
Tune Accel	Real	pos units/sec2	Calculated Acceleration Time of Tuning Profile.
Tune Decel	Real	pos units/sec2	Calculated Deceleration Time of Tuning Profile.
Effective Inertia	Real	mV/KCPS	Computed Effective Inertia of Drive/Motor system.
Position Servo Bandwidth	Real	Hertz	Calculated Maximum Position Servo Loop Bandwidth.

The above output parameters generated by the MRAT instruction serve as inputs to a subsequent MAAT instruction which performs further tuning calculations and applies the results to various axis' servo and dynamic configuration parameters.

Description - AXIS_CIP_DRIVE

The MRAT instruction is used to execute a tuning motion profile on the specified CIP axis. MRAT requires no explicit input parameters; simply enter or select the desired physical axis.

If the targeted axis does not appear in the list of available axes, the axis has not been configured for operation. Use the Tag Editor to create and configure a new axis.

The MRAT instruction uses the CIP Axis configuration parameters as input and output. The input configuration parameters that MRAT uses are shown in the table below.

Axis Parameter	Data Type	Units	Meaning
Tuning Direction	Short Integer	-	It determines the direction of the motion profile initiated by the Inertia Test service associated with the MRAT instruction.
			0 = Unidirectional Forward
			1 = Unidirectional Reverse
			2 = Bi-Directional Forward
			3 = Bi-Directional Reverse.
Tuning Travel Limit	Real	Position Units	It is used by the Inertia Test service, associated with the MRAT instruction, to limit the excursion of the axis during the test.

Tune Speed	Real	Position Units/sec	The Tuning Speed attribute value determines the maximum speed used by the Inertia Test service initiated motion profile. This attribute should be set to the desired maximum operating speed of the motor prior to running the test.
Tuning Torque	Real	% Rated	It determines the maximum torque used by the Inertia Test service initiated motion profile. This attribute should be set to the desired maximum safe torque level prior to running the test. The default value is 100%, which yields the most accurate measure of the acceleration and deceleration capabilities of the system.
Damping Factor	Real	-	It is used in calculating the maximum Position and Velocity Servo Bandwidth values during execution of the MRAT instruction.

The input configuration parameters can also be set using the **Axis Properties - Autotune** dialog box.

The Loop Response selection is used by the software to determine the value for the Damping Factor.

Loop Response	Damping Factor
Low	1.5
Medium	1.0
High	0.8

Based on the above configuration parameters, MRAT execution generates a motion event on the specified axis that consists of a triangular velocity profile. The tuning procedure will measure maximum acceleration and deceleration rates based on ramps to and from the Tuning Speed. Thus, the accuracy of the measured acceleration and deceleration capability is reduced by tuning at a speed other than the desired operating speed of the system.

The axis configuration parameters that MRAT generates as output for CIP axis are shown in the below table:

Axis Parameter	Data Type	Units	Meaning
Tuning Status	Integer	-	The Tune Status attribute returns status of the last run Inertia Test service that initiates a process on the targeted drive axis.
Tune Accel Time	Real	Seconds	Measured Acceleration time in seconds of the Tuning profile.
Tune Decel Time	Real	Seconds	Measured Acceleration time in seconds of the Tuning profile.
Tune Accel	Real	Position Units/sec2	Measured Acceleration of the Tuning profile.

Tune Decel	Real	Position Units/sec2	Measured Deceleration of the Tuning profile.
Tune Inertia Mass	Real	% Motor Rated / (Motor Units/Sec2)	The estimated inertia or mass for the axis as calculated from the measurements made during the tuning process.
Tune Friction	Real	% Rated	The amount of friction measured during Tuning profile. This value can be used to configure the Friction Compensation feature of the drive.
Tune Load Offset	Real	% Rated	This value represents the active load offset measured during the Tune profile. This value can be used to set the Torque Offset of the drive to cancel out the active load torque/force.
Position Servo Bandwidth	Real	Hertz	It represents the unity gain bandwidth of the position loop that is used to calculate the position loop gains.
Velocity Servo Bandwidth	Real	Hertz	It represents the unity gain bandwidth of the velocity loop that is used to calculate the velocity loop gains.

The above output parameters generated by the MRAT instruction serve as inputs to compute the Position and Velocity loop gains, Position and Velocity Error Tolerances, Feed Forward Gains, Load Ratio, Maximum Acceleration, Maximum Deceleration, System Inertia, System Acceleration and Friction Compensation.

If the Gain Tuning Config Bits parameter bit zero is the Run Inertia Test Bit. This bit determines whether or not the MRAT tuning instruction will send a Test Inertia service to the drive to perform an inertia measurement. If this bit is set, the Inertia Test shall be performed. If the bit is clear, the MRAT will immediately complete without an inertia measurement. It will only calculate the Pos and Velocity Servo Loop Bandwidths based on the Loop response or the Damping factor.

Tune Status Parameter

Conditions may occur that make it impossible for the controller to properly perform the tuning operation. When this is the case, the tuning process is automatically aborted and a tuning fault reported that is stored in the Tune Status output parameter (GSVable). It is also possible to manually abort a tuning process using a Motion Axis Stop (MAS) instruction which results in a tuning fault reported by the Tune Status parameter. Possible values for Tuning Status are shown in the table below.

Status Code	Code	Meaning
Tune Success	0	Tune process has been successful.
Tune In Process	1	Tuning is in progress.
Tune Aborted	2	Tuning Process was aborted.
Tune Time-out	3	Tuning Process has timed out.
Tune Servo Fault	4	Tuning Process Failed due to Servo Fault.

Tune Travel Fault	5	Axis reached Tuning Travel Limit.
Tune Polarity Fault	6	Axis motion heading in wrong direction due to incorrect motor/encoder polarity configuration.
Tune Speed Fault	7	Axis tuning speed too low to achieve minimum measurement accuracy.
Tune Configuration Fault	8	The specified axis tuning configuration is not allowed and a fault occurs.

Important: The Tune Status Parameter is not to be mistaken for the .STATUS sub-tag of the MRAT instruction.

To successfully execute a MRAT instruction on an axis, the targeted axis must be configured as a Servo Axis Type and the axis must be in the Axis Ready state. If any of these conditions are not met than the instruction errs.

Important: When the MRAT instruction is initially executed the In Process (.IP) bit is set and the Process Complete (.PC) bit is cleared. The MRAT instruction execution can take multiple scans to execute because it requires transmission of multiple messages to the motion module. The Done (.DN) bit, is not set immediately, but only after these messages are successfully transmitted. The In Process (.IP) bit is cleared and the Process Complete (.PC) bit is set at the same time that the Done (.DN) bit is set.

In this transitional instruction, the relay ladder, toggle the Rung-condition-in from cleared to set each time the instruction should execute.

Affects Math Status Flags

No

Major/Minor Faults

None specific to this instruction. See Common Attributes for operand-related faults.

Execution

Ladder Diagram

Condition/State	Action Taken	
Prescan	The .EN, .DN, .ER, and .IP bits are cleared to false.	
Rung-condition-in is false	The .EN bit is cleared to false if either the .DN or .ER bit is true.	
Rung-condition-in is true	The .EN bit is set to true and the instruction executes.	
Postscan	N/A	

Structured Text

· ······ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Condition/State	Action Taken
--	-----------------	--------------

Condition/State	Action raken
Prescan	See Prescan in the Ladder Diagram table.
Normal execution	See Rung-condition-in is false, followed by rung is true in the Ladder Diagram table.
Postscan	See Postscan in the Ladder Diagram table.

Error Codes

See Error Codes (ERR) for Motion Instructions.

Extended Error Codes

Extended Error Codes provide additional instruction specific information for the Error Codes that are generic to many instructions. The following Extended Error codes help to pinpoint the problem when the MRAT instruction receives a Servo Message Failure (12) error message.

Associated Error Code (decimal)	Extended Error Code (decimal)	Meaning
SERVO_MESSAGE_FAILURE (12)	Process terminated on request (1)	Tune execution followed by an instruction to shutdown/disable drive, or a motion stop instruction or a Processor change requests a cancel of Tune.
SERVO_MESSAGE_FAILURE (12)	Object Mode conflict (12)	Axis is in shutdown.
SERVO_MESSAGE_FAILURE (12)	Device in wrong state (16)	Incorrect Tune Process order. (SERCOS)

Status Bits

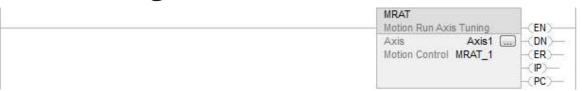
MRAT Changes to Status Bits

Bit Name	State	Meaning
DriveEnableStatus	TRUE	Axis is in Drive Control state with the Drive Enable output active while the Tuning Profile is running.
TuneStatus	TRUE	The axis is running a tuning process.

Examples

When the input conditions are true, the controller commands the servo module to run a tuning motion profile for axis1.

Ladder Diagram



See also

MRAT Flow Chart (True)

<u>Motion Configuration Instructions</u>

Structured Text Syntax

Common Attributes

Motion Error Codes (.ERR)

Copyright © 2019 Rockwell Automation Technologies, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

How are we doing?